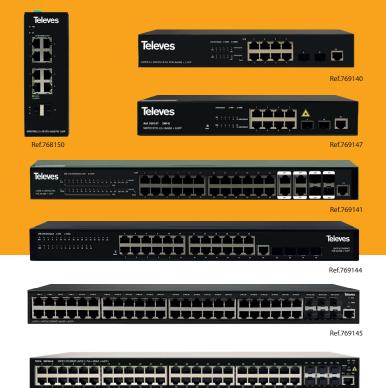
# Televes



Ref.769146

Ref.769148





Ref. 769140, 769141,769144, 769145, 769146, 769147, 769148, 769149, 769152, 768150

Web Configuration

User's Manual

# **Televes**<sup>®</sup>

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# **1 HTTP Switch Configuration**

# **1.1 HTTP Configuration**

Switch configuration can be conducted not only through command lines and SNMP but also through Web browser. The switches support the HTTP configuration, the abnormal packet timeout configuration, and so on.

# 1.1.1 Choosing the Prompt Language

Up to now, switches support two languages, that is, English and Chinese, and the two languages can be switched over through the following command.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
lp http language {english}	Sets the prompt language of Web configuration to <b>English.</b>

#### **1.1.2 Setting the HTTP Port**

Generally, the HTTP port is port 80 by default, and users can access a switch by entering the IP address directly; however, switches also support users to change the service port and after the service port is changed you have to use the IP address and the changed port to access switches. For example, if you set the IP address and the service port to **192.168.1.3** and **1234** respectively, the HTTP access address should be changed to **http:// 192.168.1.3:1234.** You'd better not use other common protocols' ports so that access collision should not happen. Because the ports used by a lot of protocols are hard to remember, you'd better use port IDs following port 1024.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
lp http port { portNumber}	Sets the HTTP port

#### **1.1.3 Enabling the HTTP Service**

Switches support to control the HTTP access. Only when the HTTP service is enabled can HTTP exchange happen between switch and PC and, when the HTTP service is closed, HTTP exchange stops.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
ip http server	Enables the HTTP service.
ip http {timeout}	Configures the timeout time of HTTP abnormal packets.

# 1.1.4 Setting the HTTP Access Mode

You can access a switch through two access modes: HTTP access and HTTPS access, and you can use the following command to set the access mode HTTP.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
ip http http-access enable	Sets the HTTP access mode.

# 1.1.5 Setting the Maximum Number of VLAN Entries on Web Page

A switch supports at most 4094 VLANs and in most cases Web only displays parts of VLANs, that is, those VLANs users want to see. You can use the following command to set the maximum number of VLANs. The default maximum number of VLANs is 100.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
lp http web max-vlan { max-vlan }	Sets the maximum number of VLAN entries displayed in a web page.

#### 1.1.6 Setting the Maximum Number of Multicast Entries Displayed on a Web Page

A switch supports at most 100 multicast entries. You can run the following command to set the maximum number of multicast entries and Web then shows these multicast entries. The default maximum number of multicast entries is 15.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
ip http web igmp-groups { igmp-groups }	Sets the maximum number of multicast entries displayed in a web page.

# **1.2 HTTPS Configuration**

In order to improve the security of communications, switches support not only the HTTP protocol but also the HTTPS protocol. HTTPS is a security-purposed HTTP channel and it is added to the SSL layer under HTTP.

# **1.2.1 Setting the HTTP Access Mode**

You can run the following command to set the access mode to HTTPS.

COMMAND	PURPOSE
ip http ssl-access enable	Sets the HTTPS access mode.

#### **1.2.2** It is used to set the HTTPS port.

As the HTTP port, HTTPS has its default service port, port 443, and you also can run the following command to change its service port. It is recommended to use those ports following port 1024 so as to avoid collision with other protocols' ports.

COMMAND		١D	PURPOSE
ip	http	secure-port	Sets the HTTPS port.
{portNumber}		umber}	

# **2 Configuration Preparation**

#### 2.1 Accessing the Switch Through HTTP

When accessing the switch through Web, please make sure that the applied browser complies with the following requirements:

- HTML of version 4.0
- HTTP of version 1.1
- JavaScript<sup>™</sup> of version 1.5

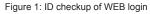
What's more, please ensure that the main program file, running on a switch, supports Web access and your computer has already connected the network in which the switch is located.

#### 2.1.1 Initially Accessing the Switch

When the switch is initially used, you can use the Web access without any extra settings:

- 1. Modify the IP address of the network adapter and subnet mask of your computer to **192.168.0.XXX** and **255.255.255.XXX** respectively.
- 2. Open the Web browser and enter **192.168.0.XXX** in the address bar. It is noted that **192.168.0.XXX** is the default management address of the switch.
- 3. If the Internet Explorer browser is used, you can see the dialog box in figure 1. Both the original username and the password are "admin", which is capital sensitive.

	+		-	$\mathbf{a} \ \times$
← → ♂ ☆	♥ ≦ 10.10.100.521000/togin.asp •	•• ⊠ ☆	± ⊪\ Œ	) @ ≡
👲 Comenzar a usar Firefox				
	Televes			
	Username •			
	Password *			
	□ I agree with this protocol			
	Login Reset			



4. After successful authentication, the systematic information about the switch will appear on the IE browser.

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#### 2.1.2 Upgrading to the Web-Supported Version

If your switch is upgraded to the Web-supported version during its operation and the switch has already stored its configuration files, the Web visit cannot be directly applied on the switch. Perform the following steps one by one to enable the Web visit on the switch:

- 1. Connect the console port of the switch with the accessory cable, or telnet to the management address of the switch through the computer.
- 2. Enter the global configuration mode of the switch through the command line, the DOS prompt of which is similar to "Switch\_ config#".
- 3. If the management address of the switch is not configured, please create the VLAN interface and configure the IP address.
- 4. Enter the ip http server command in global configuration mode and start the Web service.
- 5. Run **username** to set the username and password of the switch. For how to use this command, refer to the "Security Configuration" section in the user manual.
  - After the above-mentioned steps are performed, you can enter the address of the switch in the Web browser to access the switch.
- 7. Enter write to store the current configuration to the configuration file.

#### 2.2 Accessing a Switch Through Secure Links

The data between the WEB browser and the switch will not be encrypted if you access a switch through common HTTP. To encrypt these data, you can use the secure links, which are based on the secure sockets layer, to access the switch.

To do this, you should follow the following steps:

- 1. Connect the console port of the switch with the accessory cable, or telnet to the management address of the switch through the computer.
- 2. Enter the global configuration mode of the switch through the command line, the DOS prompt of which is similar to "Switch\_ config#".
- 3. If the management address of the switch is not configured, please create the VLAN interface and configure the IP address.
- 4. Enter the **ip http server** command in global configuration mode and start the Web service.
- 5. Run **username** to set the username and password of the switch. For how to use this command, refer to the "Security Configuration" section in the user manual.
- 6. Run ip http ssl-access enable to enable the secure link access of the switch.
- 7. Run no ip http http-access enable to forbid to access the switch through insecure links.
- 8. Enter write to store the current configuration to the configuration file.
- 9. Open the WEB browser on the PC that the switch connects, enter https://192.168.0.XXX on the address bar (192.168.0.XXX stands for the management IP address of the switch) and then press the Enter key. Then the switch can be accessed through the secure links.

# 2.3 Introduction of Web Interface

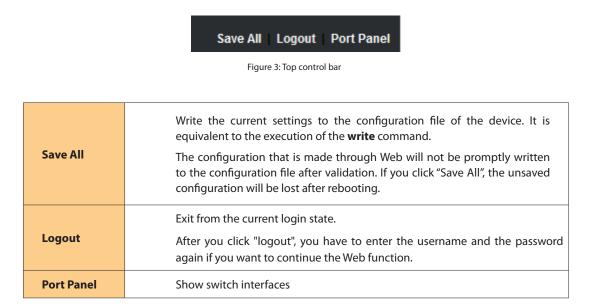
The Web homepage appears after login, as shown in figure 2:

Stack_769143	× +			- o ×
(←) → C' @	🕖 🔏 10.10.100.52:1000/i	/index.asp	⊌ ☆	± II\ ⊡ ® =
Comenzar a usar Firefox				
Televes				Save All Logout
Device Status	Device Info			
Device Info	System Information			
Interface State	System morniduon			
Interface Flow	Device Type	769143		
Mac Address Table	BIOS Version	0.4.6		
Log Query	Firmware Version	2.2.0C Build 76630		
Optic Module Info	Serial No.	20040011770		
Basic Config	MAC Address	00:0E:7C:66:02:93 192.168.113.6		
- Dest Canfin	Current Time	1970-3-7 6:34:8		
Port Config	Uptime	54 Day -23 Hour -6 Minute -8 Second		
L2 Config	CPU Usage	1196		
L3 Config	Memory Usage	16%		
Advanced Config				
Network Mgr.	Refresh			
Diagnostic Tool				
System Mgr.				

Figure 2: Web homepage

The whole homepage consists of the top control bar, the navigation bar, the configuration area and the bottom control bar.

#### 2.3.1 Top Control Bar



After you configure the device, the result of the previous step will appear on the left side of the top control bar. If error occurs, please check your configuration and retry it later.

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2.3.2 Navigation Bar

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Device Status
Device Info
Interface State
Interface Flow
Mac Address Table
Log Query
Optic Module Info
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.

EN

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Figure 4 Navigation bar

The contents in the navigation bar are shown in a form of list and are classified according to types. By default, the list is located at "Runtime Info". If a certain item need be configured, please click the group name and then the sub-item. For example, to browse the flux of the current port, you have to click "Interface State" and then "Interface Flow".

Note: The limited user can only browse the state of the device and cannot modify the configuration of the device. If you log on to the Web with limited user's permissions, only "Interface State" will appear.

#### 2.3.3 Configuration Area

stem Information		
Device Type	769143	
BIOS Version	0.4.6	
Firmware Version	2.2.0C Build 76630	
Serial No.	20040011770	
MAC Address	00:0E:7C:66:02:93	
IP Address	192.168.113.6	
Current Time	1970-3-7 6:34:8	
Uptime	54 Day -23 Hour -6 Minute -8 Second	
CPU Usage	11%	
Memory Usage	16%	

Figure 5 Configuration Area

The configuration display area shows the state and configuration of the device. The contents of this area can be modified by the clicking of the items in the navigation bar.

#### 2.3.4 Bottom Control Bar



Figure 6: Bottom control bar

If you click the **About** button on the top control bar, the bottom control bar appears. The main function of the bottom control bar is to realize the automatic refreshing of the configuration display area. For example, if you click "Interface Flow" in the navigation bar and then click "Refresh", the flow of the interface can be continuously monitored.

After you click "Refresh", the countdown of the next-time refresh will appear on the left side. You can modify the countdown settings by clicking the dropdown list.

Note: The smaller the countdown value is set, that is, the higher the frequency is, the higher the CPU usage is.

#### 2.3.5 Configuration Area

The configuration area is to show the content that is selected in the navigation area. The configuration area always contains one or more buttons, and their functions are listed in the following table:

Refresh	Refresh the content shown in the current configuration area.
	Apply the modified configuration to the device.
Apply	The application of the configuration does not mean that the configuration is saved in the configuration file. To save the configuration, you have to click "Save All" on the top control bar.
Reset	Means discarding the modification of the sheet. The content of the sheet will be reset.
New	Creates a list item. For example, you can create a VLAN item or a new user.
Delete	Deletes an item in the list.
Back	Go back to the previous-level configuration page.



# **3 Basic Configuration**



Figure 1 A list of basic configuration

#### **3.1 Hostname Configuration**

If you click Basic Config -> Hostname Config in the navigation bar, the Hostname Configuration page appears, as shown in figure 3.

Hostname Configuration			
Configure the hostname.			
	Hostname*	Stack_769143	
		Apply	Reset
Help			

Figure 3 Hostname configuration

The hostname will be displayed in the login dialog box.

The default name of the device is "Switch". You can enter the new hostname in the text box shown in figure 3 and then click "Apply".

#### **3.2 Time Management**

	1970-0	3-07 06:5	6:26	D	tefresh				
System Time	1970-0.	3-07 00.5	0.20		terresi				
Sel	ect Time-Zone		(GMT+1:00)B	Berlin.Ro	ome.Sto	ckholm.M	adrid.Paris	~	
0 \$	Set Time Manually								
		Set Time	1970 Year (	D3 MC	onth 07	Day 06	Hour 56	Minute(s) 26	Second
	rk Time Synchronization								
N	P Server One		216.239.35.4	L .					
IN	P Server Two		34.194.39.11	13					
NT	P Server Three								
Apply									
Help	e the system time, one	is to use ntr	and the other is	s to man	ually set	the time			
Help There are two ways to updat									ofourstics
Help There are two ways to updat Set Time Manually. Select th	e 'Set Time Manually' op	otion, select	the local time zo	one, ente	er the curr	ent time, a			-
Help There are two ways to updat	e 'Set Time Manually' op	otion, select	the local time zo	one, ente	er the curr	ent time, a			-

If you click System Manage -> Time Manage, the Time Setting page appears.

To refresh the clock of the displayed device, click "Refresh".

In the "Select Time-Zone" dropdown box select the time zone where the device is located. When you select "Set Time Manually", you can set the time of the device manually. When you select "Network Time Synchronization", you can designate 3 SNTP servers for the device and set the interval of time synchronization.

# **4 Configuration of the Physical Interface**



Figure 1: Physical port configuration list

# **4.1 Configuring Port Description**

If you click Physical port config -> Port description	<b>n Config</b> in the navigation bar, the <b>Po</b>	<b>rt description Configuration</b> p	age appears,
as shown in figure 2.			

Port Description				
Port Description Config				
	Filters	Port Type: All 🗸	Subrack Num: All 🗸	Slot Num: All V Name(s): Help
Port			Port Desc	ription
g1/0/1	[	ROUTER		
g1/0/2	:	STREAMER		
g1/0/3	[			
g1/0/4	•	OLT_1		
g1/0/5	[			
g1/0/6	•	OLT_2		
g1/0/7	[			
a1/0/8	Ē			

Figure 2: Port description configuration

You can modify the port description on this page and enter up to 120 characters. The description of the VLAN port cannot be set at present.

#### 4.2 Configuring the Attributes of the Port

If you click **Physical port config -> Port attribute Config** in the navigation bar, the **Port Attribute Configuration** page appears, as shown in figure 3.

rt config	ure								
	Filte	rs	Port Type: All	~	Subrack Num: 🛛 All 🗸	Slot N	um: All 🗸 Name(	(s):	Н
Port	Status	Speed		Duplex	Flow Control		Medium	Fiber Auto	
g1/0/1	Enable v	Auto	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	∨ Off	$\sim$
g1/0/2	Enable v	Auto	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$
g1/0/3	Enable v	Auto	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$
g1/0/4	Enable v	Auto	~	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$
g1/0/5	Enable v	Auto	~	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	∨ Off	$\sim$
g1/0/6	Enable v	Auto	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$
g1/0/7	Enable v	Auto	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	$\sim$
g1/0/8	Enable v	Auto	~	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	~	Auto	<ul> <li>✓ Off</li> </ul>	~

Figure 3 Configuring the port attributes

On this page you can modify the on/off status, rate, duplex mode, flow control status and medium type of a port.

Note: The Web page does not support the speed and duplex mode of the fast-Ethernet port.

After the speed or duplex mode of a port is modified, the link state of the port may be switched over and the network communication may be impaired.

# 4.3 Rate control

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port rate-limit Config** in the navigation bar, the Port rate limit page appears, as shown in figure 4.

Figure 4: Port's rate limit

### **4.4 Port mirroring**

If you click Physical port Config -> Port Mirror in the navigation bar, the Port Mirror Config page appears, as shown in figure 4-5.

ort Mirror Config				
Mirror Port			Disable 🗸	
	Filters	Port Type: 🛛 All 🗸	Subrack Num: All 🗸	Slot Num: All V Name(s):
Mirrored Port			Mirror Mode	
g1/0/1			RX 🗸	
g1/0/2			RX ~	
g1/0/3			RX ~	
g1/0/4			RX ~	
g1/0/5			RX ~	
g1/0/6			RX v	

Figure 4-5 Port mirror configuration

Click the dropdown list on the right side of "Mirror Port" and select a port to be the destination port of mirror. Click a checkbox and select a source port of mirror, that is, a mirrored port.

RX	The received packets will be mirrored to the destination port.
тх	The transmitted packets will be mirrored to a destination port.
RX & TX	The received and transmitted packets will be mirrored simultaneously.

#### 4.5 Loopback Detection

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port loopback detection** in the navigation bar, the **Setting the port loopback detection** page appears, as shown in figure 4-6.

epAlive Deteo	ction			
	Filters	Port Type: All 🗸	Subrack Num: All 🗸	Slot Num: All V Name(s): Help
Port	Status	Keepalive Pe	riod	
g1/0/1	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	
g1/0/2	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	
g1/0/3	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	
g1/0/4	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	
g1/0/5	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	
g1/0/6	Disable 🗸		(0-32767)Seconds	

Figure 4-6: Port loopback detection

You can set the loopback detection cycle on the **Loopback Detection** page.

#### 4.6 Port security

4.6.1 IP Binding Configuration

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> IP bind** in the navigation bar, the Configure the IP-Binding Info page appears, as shown in figure 4-7.

IP MAC Binding	Static MAC Filtration Mode	Static MAC Filtration Entry	Dynamic MAC Filtration Mode	
Binding IP MAC Port	Binding IP MAC Port			
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page	e First Prev Next Last Go No.	Page Search:		Current 76 Item/Total 76 Item
		Interface Name		Detail
	g1/0/1		Detail	
	g1/0/2		Detail	
	g1/0/3		Detail	

Figure 4-7	IP binding	configuration
------------	------------	---------------

Click "Detail" and then you can conduct the binding of the source IP address for each physical port. In this way, the IP address that is allowed to visit the port will be limited.

Serial number	Address	Operate
1	192.168.0.2	Edit
2	192.168.0.3	Edit

Figure 4-8 Setting the binding of the source IP address

#### 4.6.2 MAC Binding Configuration

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> MAC bind** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the MAC-Binding** Info page appears, as shown in figure 4-10.

Interface Name	Detail
G0/1	Detail



Click "Detail" and then you can conduct the binding of the source MAC address for each physical port. In this way, the MAC address that is allowed to visit the port will be limited.

	Serial number	Address	Operate
E	1	1234.1234.1234	Edit
1	2	1234.1234.1235	Edit

Figure 4-10 Setting the binding of the source MAC address

#### 4.6.3 Setting the Static MAC Filtration Mode

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> Static MAC filtration mode** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the static MAC filtration mode** page appears, as shown in figure 4-11.

Interface Name	Port Mode	Static MAC Filtration Mode
G0/1	Access	Disable 💌

Figure 4-11: Setting the static MAC filtration mode

On this page you can set the static MAC filtration mode. By default, the static MAC filter is disabled. Also, the static MAC filter mode cannot be set on ports in trunk mode.

#### **4.6.4 Static MAC Filtration Entries**

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port security -> Static MAC filtration entries** in the navigation bar, the **Setting the static MAC filtration entries** page appears.

Interface Name	Detail
G0/1	Detail

Figure 4-12: Static MAC filtration entry list

If you click "Detail", you can conduct the binding of the source MAC address for each physical port. According to the configured static MAC filtration mode, the MAC address of a port can be limited, allowed or forbidden to visit.

Serial number	Filtration Mode	MAC Address	Operate
1	Disable	0001.0002.0003	Edit

Figure 4-13: Setting static MAC filtration entries

#### 4.6.5 Setting the Dynamic MAC Filtration Mode

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> Dynamic MAC filtration mode i**n the navigation bar, the **Configure the dynamic MAC filtration mode** page appears, as shown in figure 4-14.

Interface Name	Dynamic MAC Filtration Mode	Max MAC Address
G0/1	Disable 💌	1 (1-4095)

Figure 4-14: Setting the dynamic MAC filtration mode

You can set the dynamic MAC filtration mode and the allowable maximum number of addresses on this page. By default, the dynamic MAC filtration mode is disabled and the maximum number of addresses is 1.

#### 4.7 Storm control

In the navigation bar, click **Physical port Config -> Storm control.** The system then enters the page, on which the broadcast/multicast/ unknown unicast storm control can be set.



#### 4.7.1 Broadcast Storm Control

Port	Status	Threshold
G0/1	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/2	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/3	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/4	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/5	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/6	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/7	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS

Figure 5 Broadcast storm control

Through the dropdown boxes in the **Status** column, you can decide whether to enable broadcast storm control on a port. In the Threshold column you can enter the **threshold** of the broadcast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

#### 4.7.2 Multicast Storm Control

G0/38	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/39	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/40	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/41	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/42	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/43	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/44	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/45	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/46	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/47	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/48	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/1	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/2	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/3	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/4	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/5	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/6	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/7	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/8	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS

Figure 6 Setting the broadcast storm control

Apply

Reset

Through the dropdown boxes in the **Status** column, you can decide whether to enable multicast storm control on a port. In the Threshold column you can enter the **threshold** of the multicast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

# 4.7.3 Unknown Unicast Storm Control

G0/39	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/40	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/41	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/42	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/43	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/44	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/45	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/46	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/47	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
G0/48	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/1	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/2	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/3	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
Т1/4	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/5	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
Т1/б	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/7	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS
T1/8	Disable 💌	(1-1638400) 100PPS

Apply

Reset

Figure 7 Unknown unicast storm control

In the **Threshold** column you can enter the threshold of the broadcast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

# **5 Layer-2 Configuration**

Device Status
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
VLAN Config
VLAN Interface
GVRP Config
LLDP Config
STP Config
IGMP Snooping
Static ARP
Static MAC Config
DDM Config
Port Channel
Ring Protection
Multiple Ring Protection
BackupLink Config
DHCP Snooping Config
MTU Config
PDP Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.

Figure 1: Layer-2 configuration list

#### **5.1 VLAN Settings**

#### 5.1.1 VLAN List

If you click Layer-2 Config -> VLAN Config in the navigation bar, the VLAN Config page appears, as shown in figure 2.

VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Operate
1	Default	Edit

Figure 2 VLAN configuration

The VLAN list will display VLAN items that exist in the current device according to the ascending order. In case of lots of items, you can look for the to-be-configured VLAN through the buttons like "Prev", "Next" and "Search".

You can click "New" to create a new VLAN.

You can also click "Edit" at the end of a VLAN item to modify the VLAN name and the port's attributes in the VLAN. If you select the checkbox before a VLAN and then click "Delete", the selected VLAN will be deleted.

**Note:** By default, a VLAN list can display up to 100 VLAN items. If you want to configure more VLANs through Web, please log on to the switch through the Console port or Telnet, enter the global configuration mode and then run the "ip http web max-vlan" command to modify the maximum number of VLANs that will be displayed.

#### 5.1.2 VLAN Settings

If you click "New" or "Edit" in the VLAN list, the VLAN configuration page appears, on which new VLANs can be created or the attributes of an existent VLAN can be modified.

Config VLAN Batch	Config Interface VLAN Attribute Co	onfig		
g VLAN Config				
		VLAN ID		
		VLAN Name		
Port	Default VLAN	Mode	Untag or not	Allow or not
g1/0/1	1 <1-4094>	Trunk 🗸	No ~	Yes 🗸
g1/0/2	99 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/3	1 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\lor$
g1/0/4	99 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/5	1 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/6	99 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\lor$
g1/0/7	1 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/8	99 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/9	1 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/10	99 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/11	1 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/12	99 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/13	1 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/14	1 <1-4094>	Access ~	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/15	1 <1-4094>	Access 🗸	No 🗸	Yes $\sim$
g1/0/16	1 <1-4094>	Access ~	No ~	Yes 🗸

Figure 3 Revising VLAN configuration

If you want to create a new VLAN, enter a VLAN ID and a VLAN name; the VLAN name can be null.

Through the port list, you can set for each port the default VLAN, the VLAN mode (Trunk or Access), whether to allow the entrance of current VLAN packets and whether to execute the untagging of the current VLAN when the port works as the egress port.

Note: When a port in Trunk mode serves as an egress port, it will untag the default VLAN by default.

#### **5.2 PDP Configuration**

#### 5.2.1 Configuring the Global Attributes of PDP

If you click Layer-2 Config -> PDP Config in the navigation bar, the Global PDP Config page appears, as shown in figure 4.

sic Config of PDP	Protocol		
Protocol State		Close the PDP pro	tocol 🗸
HoldTime Setting	s	180 (10-255)s	
Setting the packet	t transmission cycle	60	(5-254)s
Protocol Version		Version2 v	

Figure 4 Configuring the global attributes of PDP

You can choose to enable PDP or disable it. When you choose to disable PDP, you cannot configure PDP.

The "HoldTime" parameter means the time to be saved before the router discards the received information if other PDP packets are not received.

The protocol version cannot be read currently through the command line "show run", so the protocol version is not handled on the Web.

#### 5.2.2 Configuring the Attributes of the PDP Port

If you click Layer-2 Config -> PDP Config-> PDP port Config in the navigation bar, the Setting the attributes of the PDP port page appears, as shown in figure 5.

Port	Status
G0/1	Enable PDP 💌

Figure 5 PDP port configuration

After the PDP port is configured, you can enble or disable PDP on this port.

#### **5.3 LLDP Configuration**

#### 5.3.1 Configuring the Global Attributes of LLDP

If you click Layer-2 Config -> LLDP Config in the navigation bar, the Global LLDP Config page appears, as shown in figure 6.

LLDP Global Config LLDP Interface Config			
Basic Config of LLDP Protocol			
Protocol State	Close the LLDF	P protocol 🗸	
HoldTime Settings	120	(0-65535)s	
Reinit Settings	2	(2-5)s	
Setting the packet transmission cycle	30	(5-65534)s	
	Apply	Reset	

Figure 6 Configuring the global attributes of LLDP

You can choose to enable LLDP or disable it. When you choose to disable LLDP, you cannot configure LLDP. The "HoldTime" parameter means the ttl value of the packet that is transmitted by LLDP, whose default value is 120s.

The "Reinit" parameter means the delay of successive packet transmission of LLDP, whose default value is 2s.

#### 5.3.2 Configuring the Attributes of the LLDP Port

If you click Layer-2 Config -> LLDP Config-> LLDP port Config in the navigation bar, the Setting the attributes of the LLDP port page appears, as shown in figure 7.

Port	Receive LLDP Packet	Send LLDP Packet
G0/1	Disable	Disable 💙
G0/2	Disable 💙	Disable 💙
G0/3	Disable	Disable 💙
G0/4	Disable 👻	Disable 👻

Figure 7 Configuring the LLDP port

After the LLDP port is configured, you can enble or disable LLDP on this port.

# 5.4 Link Aggregation Configuration

If you click Advanced Config -> Link aggregation Config in the navigation bar, the Link aggregation Config page appears, as shown in figure 8.

Port Ag	ggregation Config						
N	lew						
	e/Total 1 Page First Prev Next						
		LAST GO NO L	Page Search:			Current 3	Item/Total 3 Item
vo. i Faye	eriotal il age illist ilevittext		Tage Search.			canonico	iterin retar e iteri
io. i rage	Aggregation Group	Mode	Configure port members	Valid port members	Speed	State	Operate
]	-			Valid port members tg1/1/4,tg2/1/4	Speed 2000Mb/s		
]	Aggregation Group	Mode	Configure port members	•	· ·	State	Operate



If you click **New**, an aggregation group can be created. Up to 32 aggregation groups can be configured through Web and up to 8 physical ports in each group can be aggregated. If you click **Cancel**, you can delete a selected aggregation group; if you click **Modify**, you can modify the member port and the aggregation mode.

Aggregation Config	A	
	Aggregation Group	p1
	Mode	Static 🗸
	Configured port List	Available Port List
	tg1/1/4	g1/0/1 ^
	tg2/1/4	g1/0/2
		g1/0/3
		>> g1/0/4
		g1/0/5
		<< g1/0/6
		g1/0/7
		g1/0/8
		g1/0/9
	~	g1/0/10 🗸

Figure 9: Setting the member port of the aggregation group

An aggregation group is selectable when it is created but is not selectable when it is modified.

When a member port exists on the aggregation group, you can choose the aggregation mode to be **static, LACP active or LACP passive.** 

You can click ">>" and "<<" to delete and add a member port in the aggregation group.

# **5.5 STP Configuration**

#### 5.5.1 STP Status Information

If you click Layer-2 Config -> STP Config in the navigation bar, the STP Config page appears, as shown in figure 10.

oot STP Config	9				
Spanning Tre	e Priority		32768		
MAC Address			000E.7C66.0293		
Hello Time	Hello Time		2		
Max Age			20		
Forward Delay		15			
ocal STP Conf	ig				
Protocol Type			RSTP ~		
Spanning Tre	e Priority		32768 🗸		
MAC Address			000E.7C66.0293		
Hello Time			2 (1-10)s		
Max Age			20 (6-40)s		
Forward Dela	у		15 (4-30)s		
BPDU Termin	al		Disable 🗸		
Loop Guard			Disable v		

Figure 10 Configuring the global attributes of STP

The root STP configuration information and the STP port's status are only-read.

On the local STP configuration page, you can modify the running STP mode by clicking the Protocol type dropdown box. The STP modes include STP, RSTP and disabled STP.

The priority and the time need be configured for different modes.

Note: The change of the STP mode may lead to the interruption of the network.

#### 5.5.2 Configuring the Attributes of the STP Port

If you click the "Configure RSTP Port" option, the "Configure RSTP Port" page appears.

Port	Protocol Status	Priority(0~240)	Path-Cost(0~20000000)	Edge Port Property
GO/1	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto 💌
GO/2	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto
GO/3	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto 🗸
60/4	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto 🗸
60/5	Enable 💌	128 🛩	0	Auto 🗸
30/6	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto
60/7	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto 🗸
60/8	Enable 💌	128 💌	0	Auto

#### Figure 11 Configuring the attributes of RSTP

The configuration of the attributes of the port is irrelative of the global STP mode. For example, if the protocol status is set to "Disable" and the STP mode is also changed, the port will not run the protocol in the new mode.

The default value of the path cost of the port is 0, meaning the path cost is automatically calculated according to the speed of the port.

If you want to change the path cost, please enter another value.

# 5.6 IGMP-Snooping Configuration

#### 5.6.1 IGMP-Snooping Configuration

If you click Layer-2 Config -> IGMP snooping, the IGMP-Snooping configuration page appears.

IG	MP Snooping	IGMP Snooping VLAN List	IGMP Snooping VLAN Filter	Static Multicast Address List	Multicast List	IGMP-Snooping Statistics Info
IG	GMP Snooping Confi	ig				
	IGMP Snooping	Enal	ole v			
	IGMP Snooping VI	an 1,98	-99			
	Add IGMP Snoopin	ig Vlan				
	Remove IGMP Sno	ooping Vlan				
	Destination Lookin	ng-up Failure	Di	scard Unknown 🗸		
	Enable Auto Query	1	En	able 🗸		
	Query Address		19	2.168.114.6		
				Apply		

Help

#Before you set the multicast filtration mode to 'Discard Unknown', you must enable IGMP Snooping or the existing IGMP Snooping VLAN.

#When you have configured and enabled the multicast filtration mode to 'Discard Unknown', disabling the global IGMP Snooping will cause the multicast filtration mode to become 'Transfer Unknown'. #The valid range of Query Address is 192.0.0.1-223.255.255.254.

#### Figure 12 IGMP-snooping configuration

On this page you can set whether to make a switch to forward unknown multicasts, whether to enable IGMP snooping, and whether to configure the switch as the querier of IGMP.

#### 5.6.2 IGMP-Snooping VLAN List

If you click Layer-2 Config -> IGMP snooping vlan list, the IGMP-Snooping VLAN list page appears.

VL	LAN ID	Status of the IGMP Snooping Vlan	Immediate-leave	Multicast Router's Port	Operate
	1	Running	Disable	SWITCH(querier);	Edit

If you click **New**, IGMP-snooping VLAN configuration can be done. Through Web up to 8 physical ports can be set on each IGMP snooping VLAN. If you click **Cancel**, a selected IGMP-Snooping VLAN can be deleted; if you click **Edit**, you can modify the member port, running status and immediate-leave of IGMP-Snooping VLAN.

Status of the IGMP Snoopi	ng Vlan	Enable 🚩
Immediate-leave		Disable 💌
Configured Mrouter Port List G0/1 G0/12	>>	Available Port List G0/10 G0/11 G0/12 G0/14 G0/15 G0/16 G0/17 G0/18 G0/15 G0/20
Apply	Reset	Go Back

Figure 14: Static routing port of IGMP VLAN

When an IGMP-Snooping VLAN is created, its VLAN ID can be modified; but when the IGMP-Snooping VLAN is modified, its VLAN ID cannot be modified.

You can click ">>" and "<<" to delete and add a routing port.

#### 5.6.3 Static Multicast Address

#### If you click Static multicast address, the Setting the static multicast address page appears.

IGMP Snooping IGMP Snooping VLAN List IGMP Snooping VLAN Filter	Static Multicast Address List	Multicast List	GMP-Snooping Statistics Info
Static Multicast Address Config			
VLAN ID			
Multicast IP Address			
Assignment Port	~		
Static Multicast List Info	Apply		
0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:			Current 0 Item/Total 0 Iter
VLAN ID	Gro	pup	Port
Select All/Select None			Delete Refresh
			Delete Kellesii

Figure 15 Multicast List

On this page, the currently existing static multicast groups and port groups in each static multicast group are shown. Click "Refresh" to refresh the contents in the list.

#### 5.6.4 Multicast List

Click the Multicast List Info option on the top of the page and the Multicast List Info page appears.

IGMP Snooping	IGMP Snooping VLAN List	IGMP Snooping VLAN Filter	Static Multicast Address List	Multicast List	IGMP-Snooping Stat	istics Info
Multicast List Info						
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page	First Prev Next Last Go No.	Page Search:				Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
	VLAN ID		Group		Туре	Port
						Refresh



On this page the multicat groups, which are existent in the current network and are in the statistics of IGMP snooping, as well as port sets which members in each group belong to are dislayed.

Click "Refresh" to refresh the contents in the list.

**Note:** By default, a multicast list can display up to 15 VLAN items. You can modify the number of multicast items by running ip http web igmp-groups after you log on to the device through the Console port or Telnet.

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# **5.7 Setting Static ARP**

New			
.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go	No. Page Search:		Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
IP Address	MAC Address	Interface VLAN	Operate
Select All/Select None			Delete
<del>l</del> elp			

If you click Layer-2 Config -> Static ARP Config, the static ARP configuration page appears.

Figure 17 Displaying static ARP

You can click **New** to add an ARP entry. If the **Alias** column is selected, it means to answer the ARP request of the designated IP address. If you click Edit, you can modify the current ARP entry.

If you click Cancel, you can cancel the chosen ARP entry.

Static ARP	ARP Information	
ARP Config		
Configure th	e corresponding MAC address of an IP address	
	IP Address*	
	MAC Address*	
	Interface VLAN*	
	Apply	eset Go Back



#### **5.8 Ring Protection Configuration**

#### 5.8.1 EAPS Ring List

If you click Layer-2 Config -> Ring protection Config, the EAPS ring list page appears.

ether-ring								
ether-ring	ether-ring							
New	New							
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev	Next Last Go No. 📃 Pa	age Search:			Curi	ent 0 Item/1	Total 0 Item	
Ring ID Node Type Ring D	escription Control VLAN	Status Hello Fai	Preforward	Primary Port/Forwarding/Link Status	Secondary Port/Forwarding/Link	Status	Operate	
Select All/Select None					Delete	Refre	:sh	
			Figu	re 19 EAPS Ring List				

In the list shows the currently configured EAPS ring, including the status of the ring, the forwarding status of the port and the status of the link.

Click "New" to create a new EAPS ring.

Click the "Operate" option to configure the "Time" parameter of the ring.

Note1 : The system can support 8 EAPS rings.

**Note 2 :** After a ring is configured, its port, node type and control Vlan cannot be modified. If the port of the ring, the node type or the control Vlan need be adjusted, please delete the ring and then establish a new one.

#### **5.8.2 EAPS Ring Configuration**

If you click "New" on the EAPS ring list, or "Operate" on the right side of a ring item, the "Configure EAPS" page appears.

ethe	er-ring	
eth	er-ring	
F	Ring ID	0 ~
ľ	Node Type	Master Node $\!$
F	Ring Description	
	Control VLAN	
1	Hello Time	1 (1-10)s
1	Fail Time	3 (3-30)s
F	Preforward Time	3 (3-30)s
F	Primary Port	None v
1	Secondary Port	None v

Figure 20 EAPS ring configuration

**Note:** If you want to modify a ring, on this page the node type, the control VLAN, the primary port and the secondary port cannot be modified.

In the dropdown box on the right of "Ring ID", select an ID as a ring ID. The ring IDs of all devices on the same ring must be the same.

The dropdown box on the right of "Node Type" is used to select the type of the node. Please note that only one master node can be configured on a ring.

Enter a value between 1 and 4094 in the text box on the right of "Control VLAN" as the control VLAN ID. When a ring is established, the control VLAN will be automatically established too. Please note that if the designated control VLAN is 1 and the VLAN of the control device is also 1 the control device cannot access the control VLAN. Additionally, please do not enter a control VLAN ID that is same as that of another ring.

In the text boxes of "Primary Port" and "Secondary Port", select a port as the ring port respectively. If "Node Type" is selected as "Transit-Node", the two ports will be automatically set to transit ports.

Click "Apply" to finish EAPS ring configuration, click "Reset" to resume the initial values of the configuration, or click "Return" to go back to the EAPS list page.

#### **5.9 EVC Configuration**

#### 5.9.1 Global QinQ Configuration

If you click Layer-2 Config -> EVC Config, the Global QinQ configuration page appears.

Figure 21: Global EVC configuration

In global EVC configuration mode, you can enable or disable the global dot1q.

### 5.9.2 Configuring the QinQ Port

#### If you click Layer-2 Config -> EVC Config -> QinQ port Config, the Configuring the QinQ port page appears.

Figure 22: Configuring the PTP port

The QinQ related configuration of all ports can be displayed and modified on the Configuring the QinQ port page.

# 5.10 DDM Configuration

If you click **L2 Config -> DDM Config** in the navigation bar, the **DDM** configuration page appears, as shown in figure 5-21.

DDM Config	
DDM Config	
	DDM Enable ~
	Apply Reset
Help	
	Figure 5-21: DDM configuration

# **6 Layer-3 Configuration**



Figure 1: Layer-3 configuration list

**Note:** Only layer-3 switches have the layer-3 configuration.

# **6.1 Configuring the VLAN Interface**

#### If you click Layer-3 Config -> VLAN interface Config, the Configuring the VLAN interface page appears.

VLAN Interfaces and IP Addresses										
VLAN Interface Config	VLAN Interface Config									
New										
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:			Current 3 Item/Total 3 Item							
Name of the VLAN Interface	IP Attribute	IP Address	Operate							
□ 1 □ 98 □ 99	Manual Config	192.168.113.6/24;	Edit							
98	Manual Config	192.168.115.254/24;	Edit							
99	Manual Config	192.168.114.254/24;	Edit							
Select All/Select None			Delete							
Неір										
#IP address modification may interrupt your web management										

Figure 2: Configuring the VLAN interface

Click New to add a new VLAN interface. Click Cancel to delete a VLAN interface. Click

**Modify** to modify the settings of a corresponding VLAN interface.

When you click **New**, the name of the corresponding VLAN interface can be modified; but if you click **Modify**, the name of the corresponding VLAN interface cannot be modified.

VLAN Interfaces and IP Addresses	
VLAN Interface IPv4 Config	
IP Attribute	
VLAN Interface Name*	1
IP Attribute*	Manual Config 🗸 🗸
Primary IP Address	
IP Address*	192.168.113.6
MASK address*	255.255.255.0
Secondary IP Address 1	
IP Address*	
MASK address*	
Secondary IP Address 2	
IP Address*	
MASK address*	
Apply	Reset Go Back

Figure 3: VLAN interface configuration

Note: Before the accessory IP of a VLAN interface is set, you have to set the main IP.

# 6.2 Setting the Static Route

If you click Layer-3 Config -> Static route Config, the Static route configuration page appears.

Static Route										
Static Routing Pr	otocol Config									
New										
No.1 Page/Total 1 Pa	age First Prev	V Next Last G	o No.	Page Search:	:				Current 1 Item/	Total 1 Item
	est IP Segment	Dest IP Mask Ir	nterface Type	VLAN Interface		Forwarding Routing Address	Distance metric		ecify the route descripti	on Operate
true true			gateway		192.168.113.1			false		Edit
Select All/S	Select None								Del	ete
					<b>F</b> : 4					
					Figure 4	Displaying the static r	oute			
Click <b>Create</b>										
If you click <b>E</b>	-		-							
lf you click <b>C</b>	<b>ancel</b> , yo	ou can car	ncel the	chosen st	atic route.					
C+/	atic Route									
36	auc Route									
St	atic Route C	onfig								
	Configure th	ne static routin	g protocol							
						Default Route				
						Dest IP Segment				
						Dest IP Mask				
						Interface Type	Interface	e Nullo 🗸 🗸		
						Interface Vlan				
					G	ateway's IP Address				
					Forwardi	ing Routing address				
						Distance metric				
						Routing Tag				
						Global				
					Speci	ify Route Description				
					Appl	ly l	Reset	Go	Back	
					Figure	5: Setting the static rou	ıte			
					J 5					

# 6.3 IGMP Agent

# 6.3.1 Enabling the IGMP Agent

If you click Layer-3 Config -> IGMP agent, the IGMP agent page appears.

Enable IGMP Proxy	IGMP Proxy Config					
Enabling the IGMP Proxy						
		IGMP Proxy	Enable 🗸			
			Apply		Reset	
I						
Help						
Before enabling or disabling	IGMP Proxy, you must ena	able IGMP Snoopir	ng, which is configur	ed if you click l	L2 Config -> IGMP Snoo	ping

On this page you can enable or disable the IGMP agent. It is noted that the IGMP agent can be enabled or disabled on a switch only after the IP IGMP-snooping function is enabled on the switch.

#### 6.3.2 Setting the IGMP Agent

If you click Layer-3 Config -> IGMP agent -> IGMP agent Config, the IGMP agent configuration page appears. Click New to create a **new** IGMP agent.

Enable IGMP Proxy IGMP Proxy Config		
IGMP Proxy		
New		
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page S	earch:	Current 1 Item/Total 1 Item
Agent VLAN	Client VLAN	Operate
99	1,1000-1001	Edit
Select All/Select None		Delete

Figure 7: Setting the IGMP agent

# 7 Advanced Configuration



Figure 1 A list of advanced configuration

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# 7.1 QoS Configuration

#### 7.1.1 Configuring QoS Port

If you click Advanced Config -> QoS -> Configure QoS Port, the Port Priority Config page appears.

Port	COS value
G0/1	0 🛰
G0/2	0 🛰
G0/3	0 🛰
G0/4	0 🛰
G0/5	
G0/6	0
G0/7	
G0/8	1 2 3
G0/9	4 5 6
G0/10	
G0/11	7

Figure 2 Configuring the QoS Port

You can set the CoS value by clicking the dropdown box on the right of each port and selecting a value. The default CoS value of a port is 0, meaning the lowest priority. If the CoS value is 7, it means that the priority is the highest.

#### 7.1.2 Global QoS Configuration

If you click Advanced Config -> QoS Config -> Global QoS Config, the Port's QoS parameter configuration page appears.

QoS Interface Config	QoS Global Config	IP DSCP Mapping					
QoS Config							
			Global Co	onfiguring			
			Schedule Policy	sp 🗸			
			Default CoS Value	0 ~			
			Trust Priority	cos 🗸			
Queue 1		Queue 2		Queue 3	1	Queue 4	_
1	(1-15)	1	(1-15)		(0-15)	1	(0-15)
Queue 5	(0-15)	Queue 6	(0-15)	Queue 7	(0-15)	Queue 8	(0-15)
			COS-to-q	ueue map			
COS value			Queue				
0			Queue 1 $\sim$				
1			Queue 2 🗸				
2			Queue 3 v				
3			Queue 4 v				
4			Queue 5 v Queue 6 v				
5 6			Queue 6 V				
7			Queue 7 V				
			Queue 0 V				
		Ар	ply	Reset			

Figure 3 Configuring global QoS attributes

In WRR schedule mode, you can set the weights of the QoS queues. There are 4 queues, among which queue 1 has the lowest priority and queue 4 has the highest priority.n

# 7.2 MAC Access Control List

7.2.1 Setting the Name of the MAC Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> MAC access control list -> MAC access control list Config, the MAC ACL configuration page appears.

MAC ACL Config	
New	
.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Current 0 Item/Total 0 Iter
Name of the MAC Access Control List	Operate
Select All/Select None	Delete

Figure 4: MAC access control list configuration

Click New to add a name of the MAC access control list. Click Cancel to delete a MAC access control list.

MAG	C Access List Config	MAC Access List Application	
Cre	ating MAC ACL		
		Name of the MAC ACL* MAC_ACL_1	
		Apply Reset Go Back	
		Figure 5: Setting the name of MAC access control list	

#### 7.2.2 Setting the Rules of the MAC Access Control List

If you click **Modify**, the corresponding MAC access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the MAC access control list.

AC ACLMAC_	ACL_1						
New							
Page/Total 1	Page First Prev Next Last (	Go No. Page Search:				Current	1 Item/Total 1 Item
Authority	Src MAC Type	Src MAC	Src MAC Mask	Dst MAC Type	Dst MAC	Dst MAC Mask	Operate
Authonity							

Figure 6: Specific MAC access control list configuration

Click New to add a rule of the MAC access control list. Click Cancel to delete a rule of the MAC access control list.

MAC ACL Regulation			
ewMAC ACLMAC_ACL_1Item			
	Authority	permit ~	
	Src MAC Type*	host ~	
	Src MAC*	000E7C110110	
	Src MAC Mask*		
	Dst MAC Type*	any v	
	Dst MAC*		
	Dst MAC Mask*		

Figure 7: Setting the Rules of the MAC Access Control List

# 7.2.3 Applying the MAC Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> MAC access control list -> Applying the MAC access control list, the Applying the MAC access control list page appears.

Port	Egress ACL	Ingress ACL
G0/1		
G0/1 G0/2 G0/3 G0/4 G0/5 G0/6 G0/7		
G0/3		
G0/4		
G0/5		
G0/6		
G0/7		

Figure 8: Applying the MAC access control list

#### 7.3 IP Access Control List

7.3.1 Setting the Name of the IP Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> IP access control list -> IP access control list Config, the IP ACL configuration page appears.

r		
IP Access List Config IP Access List Application		
IP ACL Config		
New		
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:		Current 2 Item/Total 2 Item
Name of the IP ACL	Attribute of the IP ACL	Operate
IP_ACL_1	standard	Edit
IP_ACL_2	extended	Edit
Select All/Select None		Delete

Figure 9: IP access control list configuration

Click New to add a name of the IP access control list. Click Cancel to delete an IP access control list.

Creating the IP ACL			
	Name of the IP ACL*		
	Attribute	standard	*

Figure 10: Creating a name of the IP access control list

If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.

## 7.3.2 Setting the Rules of the IP Access Control List

• Standard IP access control list

IP Access List Config	IP Access List Application			
IP Standard ACLIP_ACL_1				
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First	Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:			Current 1 Item/Total 1 Item
Authority	Src IP	Src IP Mask	Record the log	Operate
permit	192.168.113.0	255.255.255.0		Edit
Select All/Select None	•		Go Back	Delete

Figure 11: Standard IP access control list

Click **New** to add a rule of the IP access control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a rule of the IP access control list. If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.

IP Access List Config	IP Access List Application				
ModifyStandard IP ACL R	egulation				
ModifyIP Access Contro	I ListIP_ACL_1Item				
	At	uthority	permit ~		
	Srcl	Р Туре	Specify IP 🗸 🗸		
		Src IP*	192.168.113.0		
	Src IF	P Mask	255.255.255.0		
	Src IP	Range*		-	
		Log			
	Apply	Re	eset	Go Back	

Figure 12: Setting the Rules of the standard IP access control list

Extended IP access control list

	IP Acces	ss List C	onfig	IP Access List Application													
	Extende	d IP ACL	.IP_ACL_2														
	Ne	ew															
N	o.1 Page/	Total 1 F	age First	Prev Next Last Go No.	Pa	ge Search:									Current	1 Item/Tot	al 1 Item
	Authorit	y Mask Type	Protocol Number	Src Address	Src Port	Dst Address	Dst Port	Time- Range	Tos	Precedence	Do not fragment the flag	Fragmented Packet	Offset	Length of the IP packet	Time-to- live Value	Record the log	Operate
	] permit	Mask	0	192.168.113.0/255.255.255.0		192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0											Edit
	□ s	elect All/	Select None									C	io Ba	ack		Delet	e

Figure 13: Extended IP access control list

Click **New** to add a rule of the IPaccess control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a rule of the IP access control list. If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.

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ccess List Config IP Access List Application	
NodifyIP Access Control ListIP_ACL_2Item	
Authority	permit v
Mask Type	Mask 🗸
Protocol Number*	0
Src IP Type	Specify IP 🗸
Src IP*	192.168.113.0
Src IP Mask*	255.255.255.0
Src Interface Vlan*	
Src IP Range*	-
Src Port	~
Src Port Range	-
Dst IP Type	Specify IP 🗸
Dst IP*	192.168.1.1
Dst IP Mask*	255.255.255.0
Dst Interface Vlan*	
Dst IP Range*	-
Dst Port	$\sim$
Dst Port Range	-
Time-Range	
Tos	
Precedence	
Do not fragment	
Fragmented Packet	×
Offset	

Figure 14: Setting the Rules of the extended IP access control list

# 7.3.3 Applying the IP Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> IP access control list -> Applying the IP access control list, the Applying the IP access control list page appears.

Port	Egress ACL	Ingress ACL
G0/1	myacl	
G0/2		acla
G0/3		
G0/4		
G0/5		
G0/6		
G0/7		
G0/8		

Figure 15: Applying the IP access control list

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# **8 Network Management Configuration**



Figure 1: Network management configuration list

# **8.1 SNMP Configuration**

If you click **Network management Config -> SNMP management** in the navigation bar, the **SNMP management** page appears, as shown in figure 2.

## 8.1.1 SNMP Community Management

SNMP Community Mgr	SNMP Host Mgr		
SNMP Community Management			
New			
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev	Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Current 1 I	tem/Total 1 Item
SNMP Community Name	SNMP Community Encryption	SNMP Community Attribute	Operate
public	False	RO	Edit
Select All/Select None			Delete

Figure 2 SNMP community management

On the SNMP community management page, you can know the related configuration information about SNMP community. You can create, modify or cancel the SNMP community information, and if you click **New or Edit**, you can switch to the configuration page of SNMP community. 39

	mmunity Management			
Nev		County		
IO.1 Page/lot	tal 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page			Current 1 Item/Total 1 Iter
	SNMP Community Name	SNMP Community Encryption	SNMP Community Attribute	Operate
	public	False	RO	Edit
	public elect All/Select None	False	RO	Delete

Figure 4.2 SNMP community management settings

On the SNMP community management page you can enter the SNMP community name, select the attributes of SNMP community, which include Read only and Read-Write.

## 8.1.2 SNMP Host Management

IP Community Mgr SNMP Host Mgr			
IP Community Management			
	SNMP Community Name	public	Input less than 20 characters
	SNMP Community Attribute	Read Only 🗸	
	Apply	Go Back	

On the SNMP community host page, you can know the related configuration information about SNMP host. You can create, modify or cancel the SNMP host information, and if you click **New or Edit**, you can switch to the configuration page of SNMP host.

SNMP Community Mgr	SNMP Host Mgr	
SNMP Host Management		
	IP Version	IPv4 🗸
	SNMP Host IP	
	SNMP Community	
	SNMP Message Type	* Informs is not supported in version v1
	SNMP Community Version	v1 🗸
	Trap Send	~
	UDP Port	
	Allow Traps	snmp configure authentication
	Apply	Go Back

Figure 5 SNMP host management settings

On the SNMP host configuration page, you can enter SNMP Host IP, SNMP Community, SNMP Message Type and SNMP Community Version. SNMP Message Type includes Traps and Informs, and as to version 1, SNMP Message Type does not support Informs.

# 8.2 RMON

## 8.2.1 RMON Statistic Information Configuration

If you click Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Statistics -> New, the RMON Statistics page appears.

nterface Statistics	s Config					
				Interface	g1/0/1 v	
				Index		(1-65535)
				Owner		
elp						
ust be configured in	interface mode, which i	is used to enable the in	terface statistics			
e string vou totally e	entered is less than or eq	ual to 255 characters				

Figure 6 Configuring the RMON statistic information

You need to set a physical port to be the reception terminal of the monitor data.

The index is used to identify a specific interface; if the index is same to that of the previous application interface, it will replace that of the previous application interface.

At present, the monitor statistic information can be obtained through the command line "show rmon statistics", but the Web does not support this function.

#### **8.2.2 RMON History Information Configuration**

If you click Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON history -> New, the RMON history page appears.

<b>RMON Statistics</b>	RMON History	RMON Alarm	RMON Event			
Interface History	config					
				Interface	g1/0/1 v	
				Index		(1-65535)
				Sampling Number	50	(1-65535)
				Sampling Interval	1800	(1-3600)
				Owner	config	Enter less than 31 characters*
				Apply	Go Back	
Неір						
#Sampling Number mea	ns how many history iter	ns must be saved rece	ntly			

Figure 7 Configuring the RMON history information

You need to set a physical port to be the reception terminal of the monitor data.

The index is used to identify a specific interface; if the index is same to that of the previous application interface, it will replace that of the previous application interface.

The sampling number means the items that need be reserved, whose default value is 50.

The sampling interval means the time between two data collection, whose default value is 1800s.

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At present, the monitor statistic information can be obtained through the command line "show rmon history", but the Web does not support this function.

#### **8.2.3 RMON Alarm Information Configuration**

#### If you click Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Alarm -> New, the RMON Alarm page appears.

MON Statistics	RMON History	RMON Alarm	RMON Event			
MON Alarm config	I					
				Index		(1-65535)
				MIB Node	IfInOctets 🗸	
				OID	1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.10	
				Interface	g1/0/1 v	
				Alarm type	absolute 🗸	
			Sam	pling Interval		(1-2147483647)
			Risir	ig Threshold		(-2147483648 - 2147483647)
			Rising	Event Index		(1-65535)
			Fallir	ig Threshold		(-2147483648 - 2147483647)
			Falling	Event Index		(1-65535)
				Owner		Enter less than 31 characters*

Figure 8 Configuring the RMON alarm information

The index is used to identify a specific alarm information; if the index is same to the previously applied index, it will replace the previous one.

The MIB node corresponds to OID.

If the alarm type is **absolute**, the value of the MIB object will be directly minitored; if the alarm type is **delta**, the change of the value of the MIB object in two sampling will be monitored.

When the monitored MIB object reaches or exceeds the rising threshold, the event corresponding to the index of the rising event will be triggered.

When the monitored MIB object reaches or exceeds the falling threshold, the event corresponding to the index of the falling event will be triggered.

#### 8.2.2 RMON Event Configuration

#### If you click Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Event -> New, the RMON event page appears.

RI	MON Statistics	RMON History	RMON Alarm	RMON Event						
R	MON Event Config	N Event Config								
					Index		(1-65535)			
					Owner					
					Description					
					Enable log					
					Enable trap					
					Community					
					Apply	Go Back				



The index corresponds to the rising event index and the falling event index that have already been configured on the RMON alarm

#### config page.

The owner is used to describe the descriptive information of an event.

"Enable log" means to add an item of information in the log table when the event is triggered.

"Enable trap" means a trap will be generated if the event is triggered.



# 9 Diagnosis Tools



Figure 1: Diagnosis tool list

## 9.1 Ping

## 9.1.1 Ping

If you click **Diagnosis Tools -> Ping**, the **Ping** page appears.

Pi	g				
Pi	g				
	Ping is a typical network tool, which is used to identify the states of some network functions. The states of network functions are the basis of regular network diagnosis. Ping is used to check whether the peer is reachable. If Ping transmits a packet to the host and receives a response from the peer, the peer is reachable.				
	PNG test→ IPv4 ↓				
	vlan				
	Destination address*				
	Source IP address (An option which can be null)				
	Size of the PING packet (An option which can be null)				
	PING				
	Figure 2 Ping				

Ping is used to test whether the switch connects other devices.

If a Ping test need be conducted, please enter an IP address in the "Destination address" textbox, such as the IP address of your PC, and then click the "PING" button. If the switch connects your entered address, the device can promptly return a test result to you; if not, the device will take a little more time to return the test result.

"Source IP address" is used to set the source IP address which is carried in the Ping packet.

"Size of the PING packet" is used to set the length of the Ping packet which is transmitted by the device.

# **10 System Management**



Figure 1 Navigation list of system management

# **10.1 User Management**

## 10.1.1 User List

If you click System Manage -> User Manage, the User Management page appears.

U	ser Mgr. Group Mg	r. Pass-Group Mgr. Authen-Group I	Mgr. Author-Group Mg	gr.			
U	r Management						
	New						
No.1	Page/Total 1 Page First F	Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:				Cun	rent 1 Item/Total 1 Item
	User name	User permission	Pass-Group	Authen-Group	Author-Group	User Status	Operate
	admin	System administrator				Normal	Edit
	Select All/Select Nor	le					Delete



You can click "New" to create a new user.

To modify the permission or the login password, click "Edit" on the right of the user list. Note:

- Please make sure that at least one system administrator exists in the system, so that you can manage the devices through Web.
   The limited user can easily because the status of the device.
  - 2. The limited user can only browse the status of the device.

#### 10.1.2 Establishing a New User

User Mgr.	Group Mgr.	Pass-Group Mgr.	Authen-Group Mgr.	Author-Group Mgr.				
User Manager	nent							
				User name	admin			
				Password	•••••			
			Confirm	ing password			]	
				Pass-Group			]	
			,	Authen-Group			]	
				Author-Group			]	
			Apply	Re	set	Go Back		

Figure 3 Creating new users

In the "User permission" dropdown box set the user's permission. The "System administrator" user can browse the status of the device and conduct relevant settings, while the limited user can only browse the status of the device.

## **10.2 Log Management**

If you click System Manage -> Log Manage, the Log Management page appears.

If you click "New" on the User Management page, the Creating User page appears.

Lo	g Mgr.				
Lo	Log Management				
	System logs will be sent to the server when it is enabled				
	Enable the log server				
	Address of the log server	10.10.100.144			
	Level of system logs	(7-debugging) v			
	Enable the log buffer				
	Size of the log buffer	4096 (Bytes)			
	Level of cache logs	(7-debugging) v			
		Αρρίγ			

Figure 4 Log management

If "Enabling the log server" is selected, the device will transmit the log information to the designated server. In this case, you need enter the address of the server in the "Address of the system log server" textbox and select the log's grade in the "Grade of the system log information" dropdown box.

If "Enabling the log buffer" is selected, the device will record the log information to the memory. By logging on to the device through the Console port or Telnet, you can run the command "show log" to browse the logs which are saved on the device. The log information which is saved in the memory will be lost after rebooting. Please enter the size of the buffer area in the "Size of the system log buffer"

textbox and select the grade of the cached log in the "Grade of the cache log information" dropdown box.

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# **10.3 Managing the Configuration Files**

If you click **System Manage -> Configuration file**, the **Configuration file** page appears.

#### **10.3.1 Exporting the Configuration Information**

Ex	port the current startup-config
	Export the current startup-config
	Export

Figure 5 Exporting the configuration file

The current configuration file can be exported, saved in the disk of PC or in the mobile storage device as the backup file. To export the configuration file, please click the "Export" button and then select the "Save" option in the pop-up download dialog box. The default name of the configuration file is "startup-config", but you are suggested to set it to an easily memorable name.

## **10.3.2 Importing the Configuration Information**

Im	aport startup-config file
	Import startup-config file Browse No file selected.
	Reboot is required after importing startup-config!
	Import

Figure 6 Importing the configuration files

You can import the configuration files from PC to the device and replace the configuration file that is currently being used. For example, by importing the backup configuration files, you can resume the device to its configuration of a previous moment. Note:

Please make sure that the imported configuration file has the legal format for the configuration file with illegal format cannot lead to the normal startup of the device.

If error occurs during the process of importation, please try it later again, or click the "Save All" button to make the device re-establish the configuration file with the current configuration, avoiding the incomplete file and the abnormality of the device.

After the configuration file is imported, if you want to use the imported configuration file immediately, do not click "Save All", but reboot the device directly.

## **10.4 Software Management**

If you click System Manage -> Software Upgrade, the software management page appears.

10.4.1 Backing up the IOS Software

Backup System

Current software version: Switch.bin, 2.2.0C Build 76630 Build 76630, 2020-9-3 18:27:24 by SYS

File name on the server Switch.bin

Backup System

On this page the currently running software version is displayed. If you want to backup IOS, please click "Backuping IOS"; then on the browser the file download dialog box appears; click "Save" to store the IOS file to the disk of the PC, mobile storage device or other network location.

## 10.4.2 Upgrading the IOS Software

#### Note:

- 1 Please make sure that your upgraded IOS matches the device type, because the matchable IOS will not lead to the normal startup of the device.
- 2 The upgrade of IOS probabely takes one to two minutes; when the "updating" button is clicked, the IOS files will be uploaded to the device.
- 3 If errors occur during upgrade, please do not restart the device or cut off the power of the device, or the device cannot be started. Please try the upgrade again.
- 4 After the upgrade please save the configuration and then restart the device to run the new IOS.

#### Figure 8 Upgrading the IOS software

The upgraded IOS is always used to solve the already known problems or to perfect a specific function. If you device run normally, do not upgrade your IOS software frequently.

If IOS need be upgraded, please first enter the complete path of the new IOS files in the textbox on the right of "Upgrading IOS", or click the "Browsing" button and select the new IOS files on your computer, and then click "Updating".

## **10.5 Resuming Initial Configuration**

#### If you click System Manage -> Resume Config, the Resuming the original configuration page appears.

Reboot is required after the update of System softwa
Reboot the device automatically after update
File name on the server Switch.bin
Update System Browse No file selected.
Upgrade

Figure 9 Resuming the original configuration

#### Note:

- 1 If you click the "Resume" button, the current configuration will be replaced by the original configuration, which will take effect after rebooting.
- 2 Before rebooting the device still works under the current configuration, and if you click "Save All" at the moment, the current configuration will replace the original configuration. The original configuration, therefore, cannot take effect after rebooting.
- 3 After the rebooting is done and the original configuration takes effect, the Web access of the device will be automatically started. The address of Vlan 1 is 192.168.0.XXX/255.255.255.XXX, and the username and password are both "admin".

To resume the original configuration, click "Resume" and then reboot the device.

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# 10.6 Rebooting the Device

If you click System Manage -> Reboot Device, the Rebooting page appears.

Re	eboot
Re	ebooting
	Reboot
	Reboot
He	elp
Click	the 'Reboot' button to restart the device.

Figure 10 Rebooting the device

If the device need be rebooted, please first make sure that the modified configuration of the device has already been saved, and then click the "Reboot" button.

# **11 Features**

	769140, 769141, 769144, 769145, 769146, 769147, 769152 & 768150	769148 & 769149			
	FEATURES LAYER 2+	ADDITIONAL FEATURES LAYER 3 SWITCHES ONLY			
	4K VLAN entries	•			
	QinQ & Selective QinQ				
/LAN	GVRP				
	Private VLAN				
	Voice VLAN				
	802.1d /w/s Spanning Tree				
Spanning Tree	Loopback detection				
Protocol	Root guard				
	BPDU guard				
	IGMP filtering MVR (Multicast VLAN registration)	-			
M	IGMP Snooping				
Multicast	IGMP Shooping	PIM-SM, PIM-DM IGMP v1/v2/v3 (Multicast routing)			
	IGMP Unmediate leave	-			
	Static route RIP & OSPF	Static routing BGP, PBR, ECMP			
Pv4	IP 4/6 dual stack	BFD for OSPF, BGP			
	ICMPv6, DHCPv6, ACLv6 and IPv6 telnet	BFD IOI OSFF, BGF			
	IPv5 neighbour discovery, path MTU discovery				
Pv6	MLD v1, MLD snooping	MLD v2			
FVO	IPv6 static routing, RIPng, OSPFv3	IPv6 BGP4+			
	Manual tunnel, ISATAP tunnel, 6 to 4 tunnel				
	CAR, HQoS, MAC/IP/TCP/UDP/VLAN/COS/DSCP/TOS based QoS, 802.1P/DSCP priority labeling, SP, WRR and "SP+WRF				
QoS	Tail-drop, WRED, flow monitoring and traffic shaping				
	Port isolation, port security and IP+MAC+port binding, MAC sticky DAI & IP source guard, PPPoE+				
	IEEE802.1x, AAA, Radiusand, BDTacacs+				
Security	L2/L3/L4 ACL flow identification and filtration anti-attack from DDoS, TCPs SYN Flood, UDP Flood, etc				
	Broadcast/Multicast/unknown unicast storm control				
	MD5, SHA-256, RSA-1024, AES256, etc				
DUCD	DHCP server/relay/client				
DHCP	DHCP snooping/option82				
	Static/LACP link aggregation, interface backup	URPF, LLDP			
	EAPS and ERPS	1+1 power backup			
Reliability	ISSU uninterrupted system upgrade	Dying gasp			
Reliability	BVSS, ups to 16 units per stack	Hot patch			
	VRRP				
	UDLD				
	Console, Telnet, SSH 1/2, HTTP, HTTPS, SNMP v1/v2/v3, RMON	Sflow			
Vanagement	TFTP, FTP, SFTP	Syslog			
Management	NTP	LLDP			
	ZTP				
MPLS		LDP protocol Multi-VRF			
	1x Managed Switch				
Package Contents	1x Rack mount accessories				
	1x Power Cord				

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